



Key Information about Ohio

State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception*	Has State Instituted Law/Policy?
Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows	Yes
Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA)	No
Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC	Yes
State law/policies to increase pharmacy access to contraception	No
State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives	No
State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy	No
Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception	-

Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention**	Current Annual Funding Level (if applicable to state)
Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP) ¹	
State PREP (if state opted to receive formula grant)	\$1,890,738
Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted not to receive PREP formula grant)	-
Tribal PREP	-
Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)	\$916,297
Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program ^{1, 2}	\$1,960,964
Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF)	-
Title V State Abstinence Education (if state opted to receive formula grant)	\$2,663,748
Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program ³	\$742,023
Title X Family Planning Program	\$4,092,000

State Stats
52% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2014
See more state stats at http://thenationalcampaign.org/data/state/ohio

* For an overview of these state policies, see <https://thenationalcampaign.org/resource/key-state-policies-glance>

** For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see

<https://thenationalcampaign.org/resource/federal-funding-streams-teen-pregnancy-prevention>

¹ Evidence-based education programs

² This may include multi-state grants and/or grants that were awarded to an organization in another state, but are benefitting youth in your state.

³ Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016.

FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS⁴

State Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)

State of Ohio-Ohio Department of Health

\$1,890,738

The Ohio PREP state grant program is managed through a partnership between the Ohio Department of Health, the Ohio Department of Youth Services, and the Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services. Ohio PREP directs funding toward local public and private entities to provide evidence-based programming for youth in foster care and the juvenile justice system.

Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)

FY 2016 – FY 2020

OhioHealth Research Institute

Columbus, OH

\$916,297

FY 2010 – FY 2015

Ohio Health Research and Innovation Institute

Columbus, OH

Project Name: *Teen Options to Prevent Pregnancy* (T.O.P.P.)

\$560,344

OhioHealth Research and Innovation Institute aims to prevent repeat pregnancies among pregnant and parenting, low-income women, ages 10 to 19, in central Ohio by conducting a randomized controlled trial with 600 participants to test the efficacy of *Teen Options to Prevent Pregnancy* (T.O.P.P.). Based upon a theory known as Andersen’s Behavioral Model of Health Service Use, *T.O.P.P.* is a combination of telephone-based care coordination and mobile contraceptive services designed to decrease attitudinal, educational, and logistic barriers to contraceptive use and adherence. The targeted population is predominantly, though not exclusively, a minority population.

Title V State Abstinence Education Grant

State of Ohio-Ohio Department of Health

\$2,663,748

The Ohio Department of Health is implementing the State Abstinence Education Grant in 32 Appalachian and eight urban counties. The program targets young people ages 11–14, primarily in school-based settings.

⁴ Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted. State PREP, Tribal PREP, and Title V State Abstinence grant amounts, where applicable, reflect the most recent annual award.

**Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program Grant
FY 2016 – FY 2018**

Healthy Visions
Cincinnati, OH
\$300,004

Elizabeth's New Life Center
Dayton, OH
\$442,019

**Competitive Abstinence Education Grant Program
FY 2014**

Operation Keepsake, Inc.
Twinsburg, OH
\$431,667 (to be spent through FY 2015)

FY 2013

Alliance for Healthy Youth
Akron, OH
\$462,142 (to be spent through FY 2014)

**Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program (TPPP) — Tier 1
FY 2015 – FY 2019**

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health
Parma, OH

Program models: *All 4 You!*; *Draw the Line/Respect the Line*; *Reducing the Risk*
\$960,964

The Cuyahoga County Board of Health (CCBH) intends to reduce the overall teen pregnancy rate in Cuyahoga County by at least 10% and the African-American teen birth rate disparity ratio by at least 25%. In order to achieve this goal, CCBH implements evidenced-based teen pregnancy prevention (TPP) programs in middle schools, high schools, and in Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender (LGBT) Community Centers. Within each of these three identified settings, target municipalities and school districts have the highest teen birth rates and racial disparities within Cuyahoga County, and thus CCBH aims to reduce the overall teen birth rate.

**Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program (TPPP) — Tier 1
FY 2010 – FY 2014**

Young Women's Christian Association (YWCA) of Hamilton Ohio
Hamilton, OH

Program model: *FOCUS*

\$405,575

The YWCA project will serve 17-23 year old females in Butler County, including high school juniors and seniors, and college students who may be drawn to the *FOCUS* conferences at Miami University Hamilton. The project, called *Keep Females On Course for US*, will be conducted through a unique partnership of the YWCA of Hamilton and Miami University Hamilton, and will be a service-learning project for student nurses. Student nurses will teach the evidence-based program and act as role models for the participating teens. The goal of this program is to provide curriculum-based intervention to educate 700 young people annually on issues such as responsible behavior, relationships, and pregnancy and STD prevention.

Carnegie Mellon University

Pittsburgh, PA

Program model: *What Could You Do?*

\$1,480,578

Researchers at Carnegie Mellon University, in collaboration with a clinical team from West Virginia University, will implement the *What Could You Do?* intervention in family planning and adolescent health clinics. The project will serve female adolescents, ages 14-19, seeking care at one of the participating clinics. The project sites will serve rural and urban settings with racially diverse populations; the communities served will include Allegheny County, Pennsylvania; **Franklin County, Ohio**; and six counties in West Virginia (Braxton, Boone, Harrison, Mercer, Mingo, and Randolph). The project also includes an independently conducted rigorous evaluation. The goal of the project is to reduce the number of teen pregnancies and STI diagnoses among participants.

TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN OHIO

- Title X–supported centers provided contraceptive care to 65,220 women in Ohio in 2014.⁵ These services helped women avoid 15,800 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 7,700 births and 5,700 abortions.
- In the absence of publicly-funded family planning services, the number of unintended pregnancies and abortions in Ohio would be 23% higher.⁶
- By helping women avoid unintended pregnancies and the births that would follow, services provided by Title X-supported clinics in Ohio saved \$106.9 million in public funds in 2010.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2015, the amount of federal funding Ohio received for Title X decreased by \$3,053,906, resulting in 15,442 fewer (15%) patients served.
- In Ohio, 84 clinics receive support from Title X. They include health department clinics (36), Planned Parenthood (21), federally qualified health centers (8), and other clinics (19).

About The National Campaign: The National Campaign to Prevent Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy works to improve the lives and future prospects of children and families by ensuring that all children are born into families committed to and ready for the demanding task of raising the next generation by reducing unplanned pregnancy among teens and young adults. For more information, visit www.TheNationalCampaign.org.

⁵ “Title X-supported centers” are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

⁶ “Publicly-funded family planning services” refers to all public funding sources that support family planning services, including Medicaid, Title X, and other state and federal resources.