



Key Information about Montana

State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception*	Has State Instituted Law/Policy?
Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows	Yes
Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA)	Yes
Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC	Yes
State law/policies to increase pharmacy access to contraception	No
State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives	No
State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy	No
Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception	

Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention**	Current Annual Funding Level (if applicable to state)
Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP) ¹	
State PREP (if state opted to receive formula grant)	\$250,000
Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted not to receive PREP formula grant)	-
Tribal PREP	-
Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)	-
Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program ^{1, 2}	\$1,000,000
Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF)	\$504,343
Title V State Abstinence Education (if state opted to receive formula grant)	-
Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program ³	-
Title X Family Planning Program	\$1,976,100

State Stats
49% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2013
See more state stats at http://thenationalcampaign.org/data/state/montana

* For an overview of these state policies, see <https://thenationalcampaign.org/resource/key-state-policies-glance>

** For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see <https://thenationalcampaign.org/resource/federal-funding-streams-teen-pregnancy-prevention>

¹ Evidence-based education programs

² This may include multi-state grants and/or grants that were awarded to an organization in another state, but are benefitting youth in your state.

³ Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016.

FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS⁴

State Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)

Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services

\$250,000

The Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services is using their PREP funds to award sub-grants to local entities working in middle and high schools in 11 communities. Evidence-based programs serve Native American youth, youth in alternative schools and the juvenile justice system, and youth living in areas with high rates of teen pregnancy.

Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program (TPPP) — Tier 2

FY 2015 – FY 2019

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest (PPGNW)

Seattle, WA

Program model: *IN•cluded: Inclusive Healthcare—Youth and Providers Empowered*

\$1,000,000

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest and the Hawaiian Islands (PPGNW) intends to prevent teen pregnancy and sexual transmitted infections in the LGBTQ youth population. In order to achieve this goal, PPGNW implements the In•cluded program delivered in 14 communities in Alaska, Massachusetts, Minnesota, **Montana**, Oregon, Utah, and Washington through the PPGNW Teen Council Peer Education program. Each teen council group will deliver trainings to two different audiences: 1) IN•cluded for health care staff and providers, a three hour workshop delivered by peer teen educators in two 1.5 hour segments that include best practices for working with LGBTQ youth; and 2) IN•cluded for LGBTQ youth, a three hour interactive workshop delivered by teen peer educators to their peers who identify as gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, or queer/questioning. The workshop includes education related to sexual risk prevention and information about how to access sexual health services.

Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program (TPPP) — Tier 1

FY 2010 – FY 2014

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest

Seattle, WA

Program model: *Teen Outreach Program™*

\$4,000,000

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest (PPGNW) is a partnership among six Planned Parenthood affiliates collaborating to administer the *Teen Outreach Program™* across five states. The partnership proposes to target high risk youth particularly of African American, Native American, Russian and Ukrainian races/ethnicities in 27 counties in Alaska, Idaho, **Montana**, Oregon and Washington. The program will serve 8,000 youth in grades 7-12 (ages 12-17) in school and in after-school programs. The project also includes an independently conducted rigorous evaluation. The outcomes of the program are to successfully reduce teen pregnancy rates, decrease onset of sexual activity, increase contraception among sexually active youth, decrease academic failure and increase positive attitudes toward service and community engagement.

⁴ Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted. State PREP, Tribal PREP, and Title V State Abstinence grant amounts, where applicable, reflect the most recent annual award.

Pregnancy Assistance Fund

Funded 2013 – 2016

Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes

Pablo, Montana

Program Categories: High Schools and Community Service Centers

\$504,343

Funded 2010 – 2013 and 2013 – 2016

Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services

Helena, MT

Program Categories: High School and Community Service Centers

\$1,000,000

TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN MONTANA

- Title X–supported centers provided contraceptive care to 18,830 women in Montana in 2014.⁵ These services helped women avoid 4,200 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 2,200 births and 1,700 abortions.
- In the absence of publicly-funded family planning services, the number of unintended pregnancies and abortions in Montana would be 93% higher.⁶
- By helping women avoid unintended pregnancies and the births that would follow, the services provided at Title X-supported centers in Montana saved \$26.3 million in public funds in 2010.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2014, the amount of federal funding Montana received for Title X decreased by \$126,807 resulting in 6,071 fewer (22%) patients served.
- In Montana, 28 clinics receive support from Title X. They include health department clinics (17), Planned Parenthood clinics (5), federally qualified health centers (5), and Bridgercare clinics (1).

About The National Campaign: The National Campaign to Prevent Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy works to improve the lives and future prospects of children and families by ensuring that all children are born into families committed to and ready for the demanding task of raising the next generation by reducing unplanned pregnancy among teens and young adults. For more information, visit www.TheNationalCampaign.org.

⁵ “Title X-supported centers” are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

⁶ “Publicly-funded family planning services” refers to all public funding sources that support family planning services, including Medicaid, Title X, and other state and federal resources.